CENTER FOR DRUG EVALUATION AND RESEARCH

Application Number 21-228

ADMINISTRATIVE DOCUMENTS CORRESPONDENCE

NDA 21-228
Tolterodine extended release capsules
Pharmacia & Upjohn Company

DDMAC review

DDMAC's comments were incorporated in the Medical Officer's Review.

APPEARS THIS WAY
ON ORIGINAL

Number of Pages Redacted 7



Draft Labeling (not releasable)

CONSULTATION RESPONSE Office of Post-Marketing Drug Risk Assessment (OPDRA; HFD-400)

DATE RECEIVED: 11/21/2000 **DUE DATE: 12/15/2000** OPDRA CONSULT #: 00-0312 TO: Susan Allen Director, Division of Reproductive and Urologic Drug Products (HFD-580) THROUGH: **Evelyn Farinas** Project Manager (HFD-580) PRODUCT NAMF (tolterodine MANUFACTURER: Pharmacia & Upjohn extended-release capsules) NDA #: 21-228 SAFETY EVALUATOR: Lauren Lee, Pharm.D. **OPDRA RECOMMENDATION:** ', for tolterodine OPDRA does not recommend the use of the proposed proprietary name, extended-release capsules. See review for details. Martin Himmel, MD Jerry Phillips, R.Ph. Associate Director for Medication Error Prevention **Deputy Director** Office of Post-Marketing Drug Risk Assessment Office of Post-Marketing Drug Risk Assessment Center for Drug Evaluation and Research Phone: (301) 827-3242 Food and Drug Administration Fax: (301) 480-8173

Office of Post-Marketing Drug Risk Assessment HFD-400; Rm. 15B-03 Center for Drug Evaluation and Research

PROPRIETARY NAME REVIEW

DATE REVIEWED:	December 1, 2000		-	
NDA#:	21-228			
NAME OF DRUG:	(tolterodine exten	ded-release capsu	les)	
NDA HOLDER:	Pharmacia & Upjohn			
I. INTRODUCTION:			- 412 	
	a November 21, 2000 reques osed proprietary drug name, g names.			
and Detrol LA, on Octob was not recomme	d proprietary name for this property of the property of the possible name of the new primary choice for the possible name of the new primary choice for the property of the p	ons to the use of the confusion with D	he name, Detrol I pitropan XL. The	LA. However,
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II. RISK ASSESSMEN	T:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
A. EXPERT PANEL DISC	JSSION	e		
were also discussed. This gro from the Division of Drug M clinical and other professions acceptability of a proprietary 'ccording to the panel, the p	vas held by OPDRA to gather concerns regarding drug mark oup is composed of OPDRA narketing and Advertising Contail experiences and a number of name. Toposed name, is some handwritten prescriptions.	eting and promotinedication errors promunications (DD) of standard referential too close to Di	on related to these prevention staff are MAC). The grounders when making attropan XL. The	e proposed names and representation p relies on their a decision on the modifiers for these
roprietary name in regard to			-	

B. SAFETY EVALUATOR RISK ASSESSMENT

Although the modifier, XR, has been used in proprietary names of extended-release formulations such as Tegretol-XR, Voltaren XR, Dilacor XR, Diltiazem XR, Glucophage XR, and Effexor XR, the safety concern is at "XR" is not distinctively different from "XL" when scripted, and therefore, the handwritten prescriptions of "could look-alike "Ditropan XL."

In order to determine if the modifiers, "XL," and "XR," have been confused for one another, a search in the Adverse Event Reporting System (AERS) was performed for any post-marketing safety reports of medication errors associated with these modifiers. The Meddra Preferred Term (PT), "Drug Maladministration," and the drug names, "Tegretol XR%, Voltaren XR%, Dilacor XR%, Diltiazem XR%, Glucophage XR%, Effexor XR%, Biaxin XL%, Lodine XL%, Lescol XL%, Glucotrol XL%, Toprol XL%, Procardia XL%, Ditropan XL%, and Minipress XL%," were used to perform the searches.

The search results revealed a medication error report involving the modifiers, "XL" and "XT." According to a report (ISR#: 3271042-7), a prescription for Toprol XL 100 mg was dispensed as Tegretol XR 100 mg on May 11, 1999. The patient discovered the error and returned to the pharmacy. According to the reporter, the various modifiers such as XL and XR can cause confusion and errors could occur.

The above example confirms the potential for confusion between the modifiers, "XR" and "XL," on prescriptions when combined with similar proprietary names. Given the fact that Detrol has already been confused with Ditropan XL (see OPDRA consult# 00-190), the proposed name, ' conjuctionable at this time.

III. RECOMMENDATION:

PDRA does not recommend the use of the proposed proprietary name, ' ', for tolterodine extended-release capsules',

If you have further questions or need clarifications, please contact Sammie Beam at 301-827-3161.

Lauren Lee, Pharm D.
Safety Evaluator
Office of Post-Marketing Drug Risk Assessment

Concur:

Jerry Phillips, RPh

Associate Director for Medication Error Prevention Office of Post-Marketing Drug Risk Assessment

CC:

NDA: 21-228 Office Files

HFD-580; DivFiles; Evelyn Farinas, Project Manager

HFD-580; Susan Allen, Division Director

HFD-400; Jerry Phillips, Associate Director, OPDRA

Electronic only cc:

HFD-002: Heidi Jolson, Acting Deputy Center Director for Review Management

HFD-400: Peter Honig, Director, OPDRA

HFD-040: Patricia Staub, Senior Regulatory Review Officer, DDMAC

HFD-400: Sammie Beam, Project Manager, OPDRA

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DUPLICATE



Pharmacia & Upjohn

RECD HFD-580

7000 Portage Road Kalamazoo, Mi 49001-0199 Telephone: (616) 833-4000

overLA

November 15, 2000

Division of Reproductive Health and Urologic Drug Products, HFD-580 Center for Drug Evaluation and Research Document Control Room 17B-20 Food and Drug Administration 5600 Fishers Lane Rockville, MD 20857

NEW CORRESP

RE:

Tolterodine extended release capsules

General Correspondence **Expedited Review/Comment Requested**

Dear Sir/Madam:

Reference is made to November 9, 2000 telephone contact with Evelyn Farinas and Dr. Gierhart regarding Pharmacia & Upjohn's (P&U) trademark proposal for the above product. In that conversation P&U was informed that there was unanimous agreement within the Division to support the OPDRA recommendation that due to potential confusion with another product, the suffix was not acceptable. The "LA" suffix was approved. FDA also confirmed in this contact that the established name for the product would be "extended" release capsules rather than release capsules as originally submitted.

Since use of has been rejected, we request that the FDA consider as a new primary choice for the suffix for the extended release product "

Although we believe "LA" for "long acting" is a useful and descriptive suffix, and a good backup, the suffix " clearly denotes the "Extended Release" formulation, is a more contemporary designation, and better communicates to patients and physicians the properties of the formulation. The agency as recently as October 2000, has approved "XR" to denote the extended release formulation of Glucophage. Hopefully, the research conducted relative to this product will be useful 'and expedite the process. in evaluation of)

It is our intent to work constructively with the Division towards an approval action for this NDA on or before the primary action date of December 28, 2000.

If you should have any question regarding this information, please contact Gregory G. Shawaryn at (616) 833-8239. Please address correspondence to Unit 0635-298-113.

Sincerely,

PHARMACIA & UPJOHN COMPANY

Gregory G. Shawaryn Regulatory Manager U.S. Regulatory Affairs

granou

GGS:mlw

cc: Jerry Phillips, OPDRA-HFD 400

APPEARS THIS WAY ON ORIGINAL

		حسين عدم		eva 11/21
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SEF PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION	MICES		REQUEST FOR CONSU	LTATION
TO (Division/Office): Associate Director, Medication Er e of Post Marketing Drug Ri. 15B-03, PKI N Bldg.)		400	FROM: Evelyn R. Farinas, R. Ph., M.G.A. Project Manager, DRUD, HFD-580 301-827-4271	
November 21, 2000	NDA NO. 21	-228	TYPE OF DOCUMENT sponsor's letter requesting it as for consideration	DATE OF DOCUMENT November 15, 2000
NAME OF DRUG Tolterodine extended release	PRIORITY CONSIDERATIO	N	CLASSIFICATION OF DRUG GU	DESIRED COMPLETION DATE December 15, 2000
NAME OF FIRM: Pharmacia and Upjohn	-			
		REASION FOR		
☐ NEW PROTOCOL ☐ PROGRESS REPORT ☐ NEW CORRESPONDENCE ☐ DRUG ADVERTISING ☐ ADVERSE REACTION REPORT ☐ MANUFACTURING CHANGE/ADDITION ☐ MEETING PLANNED BY	☐ PRE-NDA ME ☐ END OF PHAS ☐ RESUBMISSIO ☐ SAFETY/EFFI ☐ PAPER NDA ☐ CONTROL SU	SE II MEETING ON CACY	☐ FINAL PRINT☐ LABELING R☐ ORIGINAL NI☐ FORMULATI	EW CORRESPONDENCE
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		IIL BIOPHARM		
DISSOLUTION BIOAVAILABILTY STUDIES PHASE IV STUDIES			☐ DEFICIENCY LETTER RESPONSE ☐ PROTOCOL-BIOPHARMACEUTICS ☐ IN-VIVO WAIVER REQUEST	
		IV. DRUG EXI	PERIENCE	
☐ PHASE IV SURVEILLANCE/EPIDEMIOLOGY F ☐ DRUG USE e.g. POPULATION EXPOSURE, A ☐ CASE REPORTS OF SPECIFIC REACTIONS (☐ COMPARATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT ON GEN	SSOCIATED DIAGNOSES List below)		☐ REVIEW OF MARKETING EXPERIENCE ☐ SUMMARY.OF ADVERSE EXPERIENCE ☐ POISION RICK ANALYSIS	
	V.	SCIENTIFIC INV	/ESTIGATIONS	
CLINICAL			D PRECLINICAL	
COMMENTS, CONCERNS, and/or SPECIAL INST Please note that this is the third name that spon the sponsor. The Division agreed with OPDRA to via teleconference. Let me know if you need any Thanks, PDUFA DATE: December 2/2000 ATTACHMENTS sponsor's letter Archival IND/NDA HFD-##/Division File P*#/RPM ##/Reviewers, and Team Leade	sor is proposing. Dr. Lee fro hat for safety considerations y additional background mate	Detroi LA	, and so notified the	t with the two original names proposed by sponsor on the week of November 6, 2000,
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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HU			
PUBLIC HEALTH SERV		R CONSU	JLTATION
FOOD AND DRUG ADMINIST	TON		
TO (Division/Office)		FROM:	HFD HFD
OPDRA		EVELYN REARINAS, F	hed MANAGER 500
IND NO.	NDA NO.	TYPE OF DOCUMENT	DATE OF DOCUMENT
NAME OF DRUG	PRIORITY GOVERNOUS DE TION		Oct 15/44
toltereding 56 406	PRIORITY CONSIDERATION	CLASSIFICATION OF DRUG	DESIRED COMPLETION DATE
NAME OF FIRM	4	Antimuscorinic Ment	Dec 1/99
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V 10	REASON FOR	REQUEST	
	I. GENEF	AAL	
□ NEW PROTOCOL	PRE-NDA MEETING	∏ RESPONSE T	O DEFICIENCY LETTER
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	III. BIOPHARM	IACEUTICS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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AVAILABILITY STUDIES		PROTOCOL- BIOPHARMACEUTI	
PHASE IV STUDIES	€	IN-VIVO WAIVER REQUEST	·····
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	IV. DRUG EXP	ERIENCE	
PHASE IV SURVEILLANCE/EPIDEMIOLOGY		REVIEW OF MARKETING EXPER	RIENCE, DRUG USE AND SAFETY
DRUG USE e.g. POPULATION EXPOSURE, A		SUMMARY OF ADVERSE EXPER	
CASE REPORTS OF SPECIFIC REACTIONS() COMPARATIVE RISK ASSESSEMENT ON GI		U POISON RISK ANALYSIS	
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CONSULTATION RESPONSE Office of Post-Marketing Drug Risk Assessment (OPDRA; HFD-400)

OCT 2 2000

DATE RECEIVED: 7/18/2000

DUE DATE: 9/22/2000

OPDRA CONSULT #: 00-0190

TO:

Susan Allen

Director, Division of Reproductive and Urologic Drug Products

(HFD-580)

THROUGH:

Evelyn Farinas

Project Manager

(HFD-580)

PRODUCT NAME: -

(tolterodine

MANUFACTURER: Pharmacia & Upjohn

-release capsules)

NDA #: 21-228

SAFETY EVALUATOR: Lauren Lee, Pharm.D.

OPDRA RECOMMENDATION:

OPDRA does not recommend the use of the modifier, —— for tolterodine extended-release capsules. However, the use of the alternate modifier, "LA", is not objectionable.

FOR NDA/ANDA WITH ACTION DATE BEYOND 90 DAYS OF THIS REVIEW

This name must be re-evaluated approximately 90 days prior to the expected approval of the NDA. A re-review of the name prior to NDA approval will rule out any objections based upon approvals of other proprietary names/NDA's from the signature date of this document. A re-review request of the name should be submitted via e-mail to "OPDRAREQUEST" with the NDA number, the proprietary name, and the goal date. OPDRA will respond back via e-mail with the final recommendation.

FOR NDA/ANDA WITH ACTION DATE WITHIN 90 DAYS OF THIS REVIEW

OPDRA considers this a final review. However, if the approval of the NDA is delayed beyond 90 days from the date of this review, the name must be re-evaluated. A re-review of the name prior to NDA approval will rule out any objections based upon approvals of other proprietary names/NDA's from this date forward.

FOR PRIORITY 6 MONTH REVIEWS

division need not submit a second consult for name review. OPDRA will notify the reviewing division of any changes in our recommendation of the name based upon the approvals of other proprietary names/NDA's from this date forward.

15

9/28/200

151

'or

Jerry Phillips, R.Ph.

Associate Director for Medication Error Prevention Office of Post-Marketing Drug Risk Assessment

Phone: (301) 827-3242

Fax: (301) 480-8173

Martin Himmel, MD Deputy Director

Office of Post-Marketing Drug Risk Assessment

Center for Drug Evaluation and Research

Food and Drug Administration

Office of Post-Marketing Drug Risk Assessment HFD-400; Rm. 15B-03 Center for Drug Evaluation and Research

PROPRIETARY NAME REVIEW

D.A.	TF	DEV	IEWED	•

September 12, 2000

NDA#:

21-228

NAME OF DRUG:

NDA HOLDER:

Pharmacia & Upjohn

I. INTRODUCTION:

This consult is in response to a July 18, 2000 request, by the Division of Reproductive and Uroiogic Drug Products, to review the proposed proprietary drug name ______, and the alternate name, Detrol LA, regarding potential name confusion with other proprietary/generic drug names. Container labels, carton labeling, and the package insert were also submitted for review of possible interventions in minimizing medication errors.

etrol (NDA 20-771) tablets were approved on Mar 25, 1998, and are available as 1 mg and 2 mg strengths.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Tolterodine is a competitive muscarinic receptor antagonist. Both urinary bladder contraction and salivation are mediated via cholinergic muscarinic receptors. It is indicated for the treatment of patients with an overactive bladder with symptoms of urinary frequency, urgency, and/or urge incontinence. The recommended dose is 4 mg once daily. The dose may be lowered to 2 mg daily based on individual response and tolerability. Tolterodine capsules are supplied as 2 mg and 4 mg capsules.

II. RISK ASSESSMENT:

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The standard OPDRA proprietary name studies were not conducted for this consult since the proprietary

was conducted to address potential safety concerns regarding the modifier, — Moreover, since Detrol is an approved drug, a search in the Adverse Event Reporting System (AERS) and the Drug Quality Reporting System (DQRS) was conducted using the search terms, *Detrol*% and *tolterodine*%, for any medication error reports.

A. EXPERT PANEL DISCUSSION

An expert panel discussion was held by OPDRA to gather professional opinions on the safety of the proprietary ame, and the alternate name, Detrol LA. Potential concerns regarding drug marketing and amount on related to these proposed names were also discussed. This group is composed of OPDRA medication errors prevention staff and representation from the Division of Drug Marketing and Advertising Communications (DDMAC). The group relies on their clinical and other professional experiences and a number of standard references when making a decision on the acceptability of a proprietary name.

According to the panel, the modifier, is often used for extended-release products. However, be confused with "SL," which is an abbreviation for sublingual administration. DDMAC had no objections the proposed proprietary name in regard to promotional claims.

AERS and DORS Searches

OPDRA conducted a search for post-marketing medication error reports associated with the proprietary name. Detrol, using the Meddra term, "Drug Maladministration. This search was conducted to determine if there is any current confusion with the use of the name, Detrol.

The search revealed five (5) medication error reports of name confusion between Detrol and other proprietary names. Results are listed in Table I. (See Appendix A for full text narratives of the medication error reports.)

In addition, there were three (3) medication error reports regarding the safety concerns of approving the proprietary name. Results are summarized in Table II. (See Appendix B for full text narratives of the medication error reports.)

Table I (Name confusion between Detrol and another drug name)

[·	Intended	Dispensed	Outcome	Cause	AERS/DQRS#
1	Detrol 2 mg	Prandin 2 mg	Not administered	Order entry error	3539673-4
2	DDAVP	Detrol 2 mg	Headache, urine with strong odor	Dispensing error	3392211-1
3	DDAVP	Detrol	Urinary retention, trouble sleeping	Dispensing error	3309265-0
4	Septra	Oxybutynin	Muscle spasm	Verbal miscommunication	3408593-8
5	Prenatal vitamins	Detrol	Death	Dispensing error	3297963-7

Table II (Safety concerns regarding

Γ	Safety Concern	Recommendation	AERS/DQRS #	Reporter
ī	I		3484866-8	Physician, Director of Evanston Continence Center
			·	at Norwestern University Medical School &
				Secretary-Treasurer of International
				Urogynecological Association
2	7		3484938-8	Physician, Medical Director of Urology Institute
l				Center for Bladder Disorders at Methodist Hospital
l	-			& Associate Professor at Baylor College of
				Medicine
3	†		3484937-6	Physician, Head of Voiding Dysfunction,
-				Department of Urology, Cleveland Clinic
ŀ	ļ		!	Foundation

In the first set of these medication error reports, Detrol was confused with Prandin, DDAVP, Septra, and an unspecified prenatal vitamins. Prandin, which is also available as a 2 mg strength, was entered incorrectly into the computer by a technician and dispensed to the patient without a final check by the pharmacist. DDAVP, which has the same numerical strength (0.1 mg, 0.2 mg) as Detrol (1 mg, 2 mg), was inadvertently dispensed with Detrol, but the exact causes of these errors were not specified. Moreover, oxybutynin was dispensed instead of Septra because a prescription was written for both Septra and oxybutynin on the same prescription pad, and the patient instructed the pharmacist to fill one of the drugs that was listed on the prescription. Since patient was already taking Detrol at home, the patient instructed the pharmacist to fill Septra. However, the

tient pointed to oxybutynin on the prescription, and the pharmacist filled this drug. The patient did not recognize the difference between oxybutynin and Detrol. In addition, a medication error involving Detrol and prenatal vitamins lead to the death of a fetus, but the nature of the dispensing error or the specific name of the drug were not available. In these five reports, the problem concerning name confusion is not easily addressed

since these reports did not reveal apparent causes or consistent pattern of errors. OPDRA will continue to monitor post-marketing medication errors in association with the proprietary name, Detrol. However, based these reports, OPDRA has no recommendations at this time.

regard to the medication error reports involving _____, three (3) reporters addressed safety concerns of name confusion with Ditropan XL. One reporter's concern is that Ditropan XL (oxybutynin) is marketed to patients with overactive bladder and is the primary competition for Detrol (tolterodine). Although the dosages for these two medicines are quite different, the patients could confuse the two drugs and take the wrong medication because of similar names. In that case, some patients could have allergic reactions to oxybutynin ex tolterodine. Moreover, many of the patients who use these drugs are elderly and are in institutionalized or assisted living communities. The reporter also specified that "even now, there are patients who confuse Detred with Ditropan XL." Therefore, naming the once daily product as would complicate this name confusion. The second reporter stated that the potential name confusion is obvious since Ditropan XL is the only once daily anticholinergic on the market for overactive bladder symptoms, and the medical field already has a real problem with similar names. This reporter stated that ' 'would imply the same drug benefit without the name confusion. The third reporter stated that dispensing errors between Ditropan XL and —could cause significant problems with respect to the drug's hypersensitivities and pregnancy categories, where Ditropan has been classified in pregnancy category B, but Detrol has been classified in category C. Moreover, since both Ditropan XL (5, 10, 15 mg; titrated up to 30 mg) and differently for each individual, there could be pharmacy confusion. This reporter suggested " modifiers for the proposed drug.

C. SAFETY EVALUATOR RISK ASSESSMENT

- 1. The modifier, XL, is a known medical abbreviation for "extended-release" formulations. Examples include: Biaxin XL, Ditropan XL, Glucotrol XL, Lodine XL, Minipress XL, Procardia XL, and Toprol XL. However, this modifier has been misinterpreted for "SL", which is an abbreviation for "sublingual" administration. In the case with Procardia XL, the liquid-filled nifedipine capsules were punctured and administered under the tongue because the modifier, "XL", was verbally misunderstood for sublingual (SL) off-labeled use. However, since the proposed drug is supplied as capsules composed of approximately 1mm diameter film-coated prolonged-release beads, the safety risk is minimal in this case.
- 2. According to the applicant, the established name of the proposed drug is tolterodine prolonged-release capsules. However, this modifier is not an official dosage form in the United States Pharmacopeia (USP) monographs. According to the USP 24 NF 19 [1151], "expressions such as "prolonged-action," "repeat-action," and "sustained-release" have been used" to describe dosage forms. However, "the term, "extended-release" is used for Pharmacopeial purposes." Moreover, according to the Division's chemist (HFD-580), "the term, "extended-release" is most frequently used for modified release dosage forms that are not considered delayed-release. Since the proposed drug is not a delayed-release product, the preferred terminology is extended-release."

these two drugs could have significant outcomes for those patients who have hypersensitivities to either of the active components of these drugs. Moreover, as previously mentioned in the medication error reports, these two drugs are classified in different pregnancy categories. Although it is difficult to assess the magnitude of the name confusion between Detrol and Ditropan XL in current practice from the limited number of medication error reports, this review indicates that the addition of the same modifier, "XL" could potentially cause name confusion between the proposed product and Ditropan XL. Since there are other modifiers that can be used to indicate an extended-release formulation, the use of the term, "XL," is not recommended in this case.

- 4. In the process of reviewing the proposed drug name, we discovered sixteen (16) medication error reports of labeling confusion between Detrol 1 mg and 2 mg strengths. According to these reports, both Detrol 1 mg and 2 mg packages and tablets are almost identical. First, the printing on the unit-dose blister tablets is hard to read and very light except for the manufacturer's name, which is in darker print. The shiny foil label makes it especially difficult to read the print depending on how light hits the package. One reporter also stated that the printing rubs off so that some packages do not have the dosage strengths on the labels. Another reporter stated that some blister labels appear fainter than others. Secondly, the blister packs for both strengths are the same size with the same configuration of 14 tablets and an empty square in the middle of the blister pack. Although there is no tablet attached to the back of the empty square, it has been inadvertently mistaken for an actual square containing the drug. Furthermore, the strengths are barely distinguishable as printed on the aluminum foil-like packaging in small black type. Third, the tablets are essentially the same color and size to the naked eye. The imprints look very similar and it would be easy to mistake the "O" (1 mg imprint- TO) for a "D" (2 mg imprint- DT) or vice versa. In addition, the labeling on the Detrol 1 mg and Detrol 2 mg cartons are identical except that the 1 mg tablet strength is printed in blue and 2 mg strength is printed in magenta. Although most of the 16 reports are potential errors, actual errors occurred in 2 cases. However, no adverse events resulted since the errors were discovered prior to patient administration. In order to prevent future medication errors involving these two strengths, labeling changes are warranted as shown in section III of this review. (See Appendix C for full-text narratives.)
- 5. The alternate modifier, "LA" is also a known medical abbreviation for "long-acting" formulations and has been used in proprietary names such as Entex LA, Inderal LA, Inderide LA, and Exgest LA. However, since the modifiers for Detrol LA and Ditropan XL differ and do not pose a significant safety risk of name confusion at this time, the use of the term, "LA" for the proposed drug is not objectionable at this time.

III. LABELING, PACKAGING, AND SAFETY RELATED ISSUES:

In the review of the container label, carton labeling, and the package insert of Detrol and OPDRA has attempted to focus on safety issues relating to possible medication errors. OPDRA has reviewed the current container label, carton labeling, and the package insert and has identified an area of possible improvement, which might minimize potential user error.

A. CONTAINER LABELS

1. Detrol Blister Labels (1 mg & 2 mg)

a. As discussed in Section II C4 of this review, the blister labels are difficult to read due to the shiny aluminum foil-like packaging and the small print size. We recommend increasing the size of the blister labels and the font prints so that the information on the labels is easily readable. Furthermore, we do not recommend the use of aluminum-foil like material that hinders the legibility of the labels.

- b. The blister labels for Detrol 1 mg and 2 mg strengths are almost identical except for the strengths of the tablets. In order to prevent potential dispensing errors between the two strengths, we recommend revising the blister labels so that they appear distinctively different. Moreover, we recommend increasing the prominence of the strength and decreasing the prominence of the manufacturer name so that the most prominent components of the labels are the name and strength of the product.
- c. The blisters contain 14 tablets with an empty square in the middle of the pack. Although there is no tablet attached to the back of the empty square, it has been inadvertently mistaken for an actual square containing the drug and dispensed accordingly. We recommend that each square of the blister label contains the drug and is labeled appropriately.
- d. One reporter stated that the printing rubs off the labels so that some packages do not have the dosage strength on the product. Another reporter stated that the some blister labels appear fainter than others. We recommend revising the labels so that they are always readable with the same print consistency.

2. Detrol Container Labels (1 mg & 2 mg)

- a. We recommend that the established name be printed in letters that are at least half as large as the letters comprising the proprietary name to be in accordance with 21 CFR 201.10 (g) (2).
- b. Although the 1mg and the 2 mg strengths are printed in different colors, the distinction is not very apparent considering the identical design of the labels and the use of the same colors for the rest of the labels. We recommend revising the container labels so that the two strengths appear distinctively different.
- c. If space permits, we recommend relocating the "Rx Only" statement to the front of the labels.

3. Detrol XL Container Labels (2 mg & 4 mg)

- 1. Having an overlapping strength (2mg) for two drug products with the same active ingredient and different pharmacokinetics is a known associated risk factor in dispensing and/or prescribing errors. Detrol and fit this profile. In order to prevent dispensing errors between the two strengths, we recommend that the labels for Detrol and impear distinctively different. Moreover, if colors are used to differentiate the various strengths, we recommend that the same colors are not used for Detrol and labels.
- 2. As discussed in Section II C2 above, we recommend revising the established name to read, "totterodine tartrate extended-release capsules."

B. CARTON LABELING (Detrol 1 mg & 2 mg)

1. On the Sample Tray for Blisters, 'should be revised to read:

Professional-Sample - Not for sale

In addition, we recommend including the strength of the product on this sample carton labeling.

2. See comments under CONTAINER LABEL.

C. PATIENT INSERT (Detrol XL 2 mg & 4 mg)

We recommend including the information regarding the difference between Detrol and _____ in the patient insert in order to inform patients transferring from Detrol or other agents to_____.

D. PACKAGING (Detrol (1 mg & 2 mg)

As previously discussed, both Detrol 1 mg & 2 mg tablets are white, round, biconvex, film-coated tablets engraved with arcs above and below the letter imprints. In order to prevent medication errors due to lookalike tablets, we recommend that these tablets appear distinctively different in color and design.

IV. RECOMMENDATIONS:

- A. OPDRA does not recommend the use of the modifier, "for tolterodine extended-release capsules. However, the use of the alternate modifier, "LA", is not objectionable at this time.
- B. OPDRA recommends the above labeling revision that might lead to safer use of the product.

OPDRA would appreciate feedback of the final outcome of this consult. We would be willing to meet with the Division for further discussion, if needed. If you have further questions or need clarifications, please contact Sammie Beam at 301-827-3161.

Lauren Lee, Pharm.D.
Safety Evaluator
Office of Post-Marketing Drug Risk Assessment

Concur:

9/28/2000

Jerry Phillips, RPh
Associate Director for Medication Error Prevention
Office of Post-Marketing Drug Risk Assessment

APPEARS THIS WAY ON ORIGINAL

Appendix A

Medication Error Reports of Name Confusion Involving Detrol

The following narratives were transcribed from the medication error reports that were submitted. Therefore, 2 description of events may not be complete or relevant in all cases. Furthermore, since all reports do not provide the date of events, other dates (such as the date that the report was written or when it was received by the MedWatch/USP/ISMP) are listed below.)

- 1. ISR# 3539673-4 (Date of Event 3/17/00)
 - After a patient presented a prescription for Detrol 2 mg, a pharmacy technician in training entered the prescription into the computer as Prandin 2 mg. The technician counted out Prandin 2 mg tablets and labeled the prescription vial as Prandin 2 mg. According to the reporter, the patient discovered the error, and the medication was not used. The pharmacist stated that she failed to perform an adequate final check of the prescription during a peak prescription time at a retail chain pharmacy, and that when the prescription was dispensed, she was not asked to counsel the patient.
- 2. ISR# 3392211-1 (Date of Event 6/99)

A woman reported that her 7 year old daughter took 2 mg Detrol for 1 month by mistake when the pharmacy inadvertently dispensed Detrol. She said in looking back over the last month that she remembers her daughter asking for something for a headache, which was unusual. She also noticed her urine had a very strong odor which still persists after discontinuing the Detrol. The mother is pushing fluids and not giving her daughter any medication at the present time. No further information was provided.

- 3. ISR# 3309265-0 (Date of Event 4/12/99)
 - A physician reported that a 16 year old boy with a history of head trauma, ADHD, and enuresis was prescribed DDAVP but was inadvertently dispensed Detrol by the pharmacy. He had taken Detrol 6 mg daily for a couple of weeks. He had trouble sleeping and recently been fighting with other children. Urinary retention was also noted by his physician and resolved upon drug discontinuation. No further information was provided.

ISR# 3408593-8 (Date of Event 2/99)

A woman reported that her husband was prescribed an unspecified medication and received Detrol instead. He used it for 2 weeks and started having muscle spasms. A follow-up phone conversation with the reporter was conducted on 9/12/2000. According to the reporter, the pharmacist should have dispensed an unspecified antibiotic, instead of a "Detrol-like drug" since the patient was already taking Detrol. A follow-up conversation with the pharmacist revealed that the patient came into the pharmacy with a prescription that contained two drugs, oxybutynin and Septra. The customer pointed to oxybutynin and asked that only this drug be filled since the other drug does not need to be filled at this time. The patient explained that she still had supplies of the other medication at home. The pharmacist correctly dispensed oxybutynin.

5. ISR# 3297963-7 (Date of Event 9/15/98)

A physician reported a pregnant 25 year old female took 4 Detrol tablets when her prescription was erroneously filled. The woman was approximately 8-9 weeks pregnant with an estimated date of confinement of 4/21/99. She was given a prescription for an unspecified medication which was erroneously filled with Detrol and took 4 tablets the following day before discovering the error. When the prescription was erroneously filled with Detrol tablets, prenatal vitamins should have been dispensed. The gestational age of the fetus was 6.3 weeks by ultrasound. According to the physician, he saw the patient one time on 9/14/98, but on 10/21/98, she called to cancel her next appointment saying that she lost the baby. No further details provided.

Appendix B

Medication Error Reports Concerning

 ISR# 3484866-8 (Date of	Report 3/20/00)
A physician, who is the	

, reported that Pharmacia-Upjohn has submitted a new drug application for once daily Detrol to be called _____. This raises great concern because of the existing product, Ditropan XL that is marketed also to patients with overactive bladder and is the primary competition for Detrol. Many of our patients that use these drugs are elderly and many of them are in institutionalized or assisted living communities. The dosages for these two

medicines are quite different, and some people may have allergic reactions to oxyoutynin or tolterodine and become confused and take the wrong medication because of the similar names. Even now we have patients who confuse Detrol with Ditropan XL. To allow labeling of the new Detrol once a day product as would dramatically complicate this problem.

With the federal government being increasingly invested in trying to avoid such medication errors, I think it would be crucial to avoid such similarity in naming two different products used in the same patient population. I believe that I can represent the concerns of not only urogynecologists, but also urologists who are actively treating patients for over the bladder.

2.	ISR#	3484938-	8 (Date	of Report	3/18/00)
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A physician, who is

3. ISR# 3484937-6 (Date of Report 3/17/00)

, reported that A physician, who is f new once daily Detrol has been submitted by Pharmacia and Upjohn under the proposed brand name of I could present a problem with the already marketed product Ditropan-XL. In light of the potential for confusion and the resulting detrimental effects, the reporter suggested that FDA reject Pharmacia and Upjohn's request to name the new once daily They could get the same point across by calling it Detrol SR, for sustained release or Detrol ER for extended release. This would do away with the problems that could exist in leading to a prescription error. Two drugs with the spensing errors could cause some significant problems especially with respect to things such name Ditropan-XL and | as the hypersensitivity to the drug. Both of these drugs are contra-indicated in persons with hypersensitivities to the active compounds and since the active compounds are different, potential harm to the patient exists. Other confusions relate to pregnancy categories where Ditropan XL has been classified pregnancy category B and Detrol has been classified pregnancy category C. Lastly, I want to bring to your attention that Ditropan XL is available in three dosage strengths (5, 10, and 15 mg and titration can come up to as high as 30 mg.) apparently will come in two strengths 2 mg and 4 mg, and I can see how there could be pharmacy confusion as individual physicians titrate these drugs differently. Pharmacia and Upjohn certainly would get the same point across by naming the drug as suggested above.

Appendix C

Medication Error Reports of Labeling Confusion Involving Detrol

1. DQRS: U# 26946 (Date Received 7/12/00)

The printing on the very small-unit dose package is too light except for the manufacturer's name which is in darker print and not uniform. The shiny foil label makes it especially difficult to read the print. Additionally, the product is packaged in such a way that it is possible to dispense a unit-dose blister without dispensing the label. The medication was not given to the patient.

2. ISR# 3539677 (Date of Report 7/11/00)

According to the reporter, the foil on the Detrol Unit Dose packaging is hard to read depending on how the light hits the package. The printing is small and rubs off so that some packages do not have the dosage strength on the product. The reporter also notified Upjohn.

3. ISR# 3499769-2 (Date of Report 5/10/00)

The reporting pharmacist and his staff have found that the printing on the unit-dose blister tablets for both strengths of Detrol (1 mg & 2 mg) is very, very poor. The strengths are barely distinguishable as printed on the aluminum foil-like packaging in black type. The blister must be held at an angle in the light to first attempt to read it. It is very faint. Also, the tablet strength is printed in the smallest type on the blister label. The name of the drug and the name of the manufacturer are printed bigger and bolder. This is a med error waiting to happen. One pharmacist already averted one error by spotting the wrong strength tablet in a patient's unit dose cassette. To make matters worse, the tablets are essentially the same color and size to the naked eye. The blisters are very small, too. The reporter suggests increasing the size of the blister, which will yield a larger area for the information. Furthermore, make the strength larger-it's the most important piece of information. Can the strengths be further differentiated by other means? Both strengths have the same formats and colors.

4. DQRS: M# 129089 (Date Received 5/8/00)

The printing on the unit dose packaging of these products is very small and hard to read. Making it hard to determine the stream - 1 mg or 2 mg- the printing is small black lettering on a shiny silver foil background. The packaging also uses rough-surface plastic, making the printing even harder to read.

5. DQRS: U# 599 (Date Received 4/28/00)

Detrol 1 mg and 2 mg look-alike. Both are small white tablets. The 1 mg has an imprint "TLO" and the 2 mg has an imprint "DT". Both are difficult to see. The medication was not given.

6. ISR# 3499555-3 (Date of Report 4/27/00)

According to the reporter, both strengths of Detrol tablets (1 mg and 2 mg) look identical; the tablets are white, round, and the same size. The imprint on the 1 mg is "TO", while on the 2 mg tablet, the imprint is "DT". These imprints look very similar and it would be easy to mistake the "O" for a "D" or vice versa. Additionally, the blister pack is the same size with the same tablet configuration of 14 tablets with an empty square in the middle of the pack. The reporter recommends changing the color of one tablet strength to avoid the error of wrong dose administration.

7. ISR# 3501387-4 (Date of Report 4/25/00)

According to the reporter, there is a potential problem with Detrol. Both Detrol 1 mg and 2 mg packages and tablets are almost identical.

8. DQRS: U# 128691 (Date Received 2/23/00)

The darkness of the printing is uneven on the blister card labeling, especially affecting the left column of the blister sheet. The tablet strength is very light and barely legible. You can make out "mg", but not the "2". The 2 mg tablets closely resemble the 1 mg tablets in size and color. There is a potential for medication errors to occur.

9. ISR# 3385411-8 (Date of Report 10/13/99)

According to the reporter, the labeling on the Detrol 1 mg and Detrol 2 mg containers is identical except that the strength of the 1 mg tablet is printed in blue and 2 mg strength is printed in magenta. Both tablets are white and the same size; the 1 mg tablet is imprinted "OT" and the 2 mg tablet is imprinted "DT", which does not assist in identification because the "D" and "O" are difficult to differentiate. The reporter recommended changing the code and the color of the 1 mg tablet. Change the labels so that there is significant differences in color and design.

10. DQRS: M# 127907 (Date Received 6/23/99)

Detrol is available in two strengths, 1 and 2 mg tablets. The tablets are nearly identical in appearance, differing only in small embossed letters. It seems ludicrous that a color or size difference was not employed to help differentiate the two. The medication was not given.

11. DQRS: U# 26150 (Date Received 5/26/99)

Package labeling makes it difficult to distinguish between the 1 mg and 2 mg tablets. The labeling is black print on the silver feil packaging. In addition, the tablets are the same size and color. The medication was not given to the patient.

SR# 327] 056-1 (Date of Treal 5 1/199)

According to the reporter, Detrol 2 mg was filled instead of Detrol 1 mg. The packages are identical except for the 1 and 2, but are very difficult to read because of the background and contrast. This error was caught before it went to the nursing unit. The error was discovered by a pharmacist during checking procedure for cart fill.

13. DQRS: M# 127708 (Date Received 4/21/99)

The tablet size, color, and markings on the Detrol 1 and 2 mg tablets are far too similar for safety. Without careful observation and a magnifying glass, it is extremely difficult to tell these two apart. We would prefer a color difference or some other obvious indication between the strengths of these tablets. The medication was not given.

14. ISR# 3249090-2 (Date of Report 4/16/99)

According to the reporter, Detrol 1 mg and 2 mg tablets are of similar size and shape. The imprint is also similar. When repackaged from bulk for long term care institutions in "bingo cards" it is easy to mistake them.

15. DORS: M# 127394 (Date Received 1/22/99)

Detrol 1 mg and 2 mg tablet size, shape, and color are identical. Tablet markings are similar and difficult to see. High potential

for errors.

16. DQRS: U# 25748 (Date of Event 11/24/98)

Detrol 1 mg and 2 mg tablets have exactly the same appearance. They are the same color and have the same tablet markings.

APPEARS THIS WAY ON ORIGINAL

CC:

NDA: 21-228 Office Files

HFD-580; DivFiles; Evelyn Farinas, Project Manager

HFD-580; Susan Allen, Division Director

rfFD-400; Jerry Phillips, Associate Director, OPDRA

Electronic only cc:

HFD-002: Murray Lumpkin, Deputy Center Director for Review Management

HFD-400: Peter Honig, Director, OPDRA

HFD-040: Patricia Staub, Senior Regulatory Review Officer, DDMAC

HFD-440: Mary Dempsey, Project Manager, OPDRA

HFD-400: Sammie Beam, Project Manager, OPDRA

APPEARS THIS WAY ON ORIGINAL

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN S PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATIO		REQUEST FOR CONS	ULTATION
TO (Division/Office): OPDRA	Inilips Sannie Beam	FROM: Evelyn R. Farinas	
5:IND NO.:	NDA NO.: N21-228	TYPE OF DOCUMENT: Tradename request	DATE OF DOCUMENT: June 8, 2000
NAME OF DRUG: Tolterodine extended release	PRIORITY CONSIDERATION:	CLASSIFICATION OF DRUG: GU	DESIRED COMPLETION DATE: September 15, 2000
NAME OF FIRM: Pharmacia and Upjohn			3
	REASON F	OR REQUEST	
,	L GI	ENERAL	
NEW PROTOCOL PROGRESS REPORT NEW CORRESPONDENCE DRUG ADVERTISING ADVERSE REACTION REPORT MANUFACTURING CHANGE/ADDITIO	☐ PRE-NDA MEETING ☐ END OF PHASE II MEE ☐ RESUBMISSION ☐ SAFETY/EFFICACY ☐ PAPER NDA ☐ CONTROL SUPPLEME	TING	NEW CORRESPONDENCE TIVE REVIEW (SPECIFY BELOW):
	II. BIO	METRICS	
STATISTICAL EVALUATION BRANCH	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	STATISTICAL APPLICATION BRANC	СН
☐ TYPE A OR B NDA REVIEW ☐ END OF PHASE II MEETING ☐ CONTROLLED STUDIES ROTOCOL REVIEW /THER:		☐ CHEMISTRY REVIEW ☐ PHARMACOLOGY ☐ BIOPHARMACEUTICS ☐ OTHER:	
	III. BIOPHA	RMACEUTICS	·
☐ DISSOLUTION ☐ BIOAVAILABILTY STUDIES ☐ PHASE IV STUDIES		☐ DEFICIENCY LETTER RESPONSE ☐ PROTOCOL-BIOPHARMACEUTICS ☐ IN-VIVO WAIVER REQUEST	3
	IV. DRUG	EXPERIENCE .	
☐ PHASE IV SURVEILLANCE/EPIDEMIO ☐ DRUG USE € g. POPULATION EXPOSU ASSOCIATED DIAGNOSES ☐ CASE REPORTS OF SPECIFIC REACTIO ☐ COMPARATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT O	RE, ONS (List below)	☐ REVIEW OF MARKETING EXPERI ☐ SUMMARY OF ADVERSE EXPERI ☐ POISON RISK ANALYSIS	
	V. SCIENTIFIC	INVESTIGATIONS	4
□ CLINICAL		□ PRECLINICAL	
COMMENTS/SPECIAL INSTRU	CTIONS: cc:		
SIGNATURE OF REOLIESTER-	151	METHOD OF DELIVERY (Che	ck one):
SIGNATURE OF RECEIVER:	5/ 17-1800	SIGNATURE OF DELIVERER:	



June 8, 2000

DUPLICATE

Division of Reproductive Health and Urologic Drug Products, HFD-580 Center for Drug Evaluation and Research Document Control Room 17B-20 Food and Drug Administration 5600 Fishers Lane Rockville, MD 20857

NEW CORRESP

NC

RE: NDA 21-228

Tolterodine -

release

capsules

General Correspondence Request for Comment

Dear Sir/Madam:

As a back-up choice we propose DETROL™ LA.

If you should have any questions regarding this information, please contact Gregory G. Shawaryn at (616) 833-8239. Please address correspondence to Unit 0635-298-113.

Sincerely,

PHARMACIA & UPJOHN COMPANY

Gregory G. Shawaryn Regulatory Manager Regulatory Affairs

GGS:lmf



NDA 21-228
Tolterodine extended release capsules
Pharmacia & Upjohn Company

AIP Integrity Policy

This application is not on the AIP.

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Post Marketing Commitments

Not applicable for this submission.

APPEARS THIS WAY
ON ORIGINAL

NDA 21-228
Tolterodine extended release capsules
Phamacia & Upjohn Company

Press Office information

Not applicable for this application; Press Office notified.

APPEARS THIS WAY ON ORIGINAL

c0020976

NDA 21-228

Tolterodine Release Capsules

PATENT INFORMATION / PATENT CERTIFICATION

		·
1.	Active Ingredient	Tolterodine L-tartrate
2.	Strength(s)	2 and 4 mg
3.	Trade Name	Detrol
4.	a. Dosage Form	Release Capsules
	b. Route of Administration	Oral
5.	Applicant Firm Name	Pharmacia & Upjohn Company
6. . · -	NDA Number	21-228
7	NDA Approval Date	To be determined
8.	Applicable patent numbers and expiration date of each	5,382,600
		Claims cover 3,3-diphenylpropylamines, including tolterodine, and pharmaceutical compositions comprising them.
		5,922,914
		-

This to certify that the above information is correct to the best-of my knowledge.

Claims cover a process for producing tolterodine-

Expiration date - December 18, 2017

Annika Ohlsson

L-tartrate

Director Regulatory Affairs

Pharmacia & Upjohn AB, Sweden

EXCLUSI	IVITY SUMMARY for	NDA # 2)- 2	-28	SUPPL #	
Trade 1	Name Defect LA	Gener	ic Name 10	1 tenodine	extended re
Applica	ant Name Pharma	eia & Upplu	<u> </u>	HFD	- 580
Approva	al Date <u>Reew</u>	lau 22/2010			
PART I	IS AN EXCLUSIVIT	TY DETERMINATI	ON NEEDED?	· .	
appl Part answ	xclusivity determications, but only s II and III of the er "YES" to one of submission.	y for certain his Exclusivit	supplement ty Summary	s. Components	lete you
a)	Is it an origina	1 NDA?	YES/_	<u>K</u> / N	10 //
b)	Is it an effecti	veness supplem	nent? YES /	<u></u>	10 / <u>x</u> /
	If yes, what type	e(SE1, SE2, et	:c.)?		·
	Did it require the support a safety safety? (If it or bioequivalence	claim or char required revie	nge in labe ew only of	eling rela	ated to
		5.2	YES /	<u>X</u> / N	io //
	If your answer is bioavailability a exclusivity, EXP including your re made by the appl bioavailability	study and, the LAIN why it is easons for dis icant that the	erefore, no s a bioavai sagreeing w	ot eligib llability with any	le for study, arguments

If it is a supplement requiring the review of clinical data but it is not an effectiveness supplement, describe the change or claim that is supported by the clinical

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IF THE ANSWER TO QUESTION 3 IS "YES," GO DIRECTLY TO THE SIGNATURE BLOCKS ON Page 9 (even if a study was required for the upgrade).

PART II: FIVE-YEAR EXCLUSIVITY FOR NEW CHEMICAL ENTITIES (Answer either #1 or #2, as appropriate)

1. Single active ingredient product.

Has FDA previously approved under section 505 of the Act any drug product containing the same active moiety as the drug under consideration? Answer "yes" if the active moiety (including other esterified forms, salts, complexes, chelates or clathrates) has been previously approved, but this particular form of the active moiety, e.g., this particular ester or salt (including salts with hydrogen or coordination bonding) or other non-covalent derivative (such as a complex, chelate, or clathrate) has not been approved. Answer "no" if the compound requires metabolic conversion (other than deesterification of an esterified form of the drug) to produce an already approved active moiety.

YES /X / NO / _/

If "yes," identify the approved drug product(s) containing the active moiety, and, if known, the NDA #(s).

NDA	#		
-	-21	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	
NDA	#		
NDA	#		

2. Combination product.

If the product contains more than one active moiety (as defined in Part II, #1), has FDA previously approved an application under section 505 containing any one of the active moieties in the drug product? If, for example, the combination contains one never-before-approved active moiety and one previously approved active moiety, answer "yes." (An active moiety that is marketed under an OTC monograph, but that was never approved under an NDA, is considered not previously approved.)

YES /__/ NO /_ _/

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ON ORIGINAL

If "yes," identify the approved drug product(s) containing the active moiety, and, if known, the NDA #(s).

NDA	#						
	"						
NDA	#	e	. '		<u>-</u>		
					*		
NDA	#						

IF THE ANSWER TO QUESTION 1 OR 2 UNDER PART II IS "NO," GO DIRECTLY TO THE SIGNATURE BLOCKS ON Page 9. IF "YES," GO TO PART III.

PART III: THREE-YEAR EXCLUSIVITY FOR NDA'S AND SUPPLEMENTS

To qualify for three years of exclusivity, an application or supplement must contain "reports of new clinical investigations (other than bioavailability studies) essential to the approval of the application and conducted or sponsored by the applicant."

This section should be completed only if the answer to PART II, Question 1 or 2, was "yes."

1. Does the application contain reports of clinical investigations? (The Agency interprets "clinical investigations" to mean investigations conducted on humans other than bioavailability studies.) If the application contains clinical investigations only by virtue of a right of reference to clinical investigations in another application, answer "yes," then skip to question 3(a). If the answer to 3(a) is "yes" for any investigation referred to in another application, do not complete remainder of summary for that investigation.

YES / */ NO / _/

IF "NO," GO DIRECTLY TO THE SIGNATURE BLOCKS ON Page 9.

 A clinical investigation is "essential to the approval" if the Agency could not have approved the application or supplement without relying on that investigation. Thus, the investigation is not essential to the approval if 1) no clinical investigation is necessary to support the supplement or application in light of previously approved applications (i.e., information other than clinical trials, such as bioavailability data, would be sufficient to provide a basis for approval as an ANDA or 505(b)(2) application because of what is already known about a previously approved product), or 2) there are published reports of studies (other than those conducted or sponsored by the applicant) or other publicly available data that independently would have been sufficient to support approval of the application, without reference to the clinical investigation submitted in the application.

For the purposes of this section, studies comparing two products with the same ingredient(s) are considered to be bioavailability studies.

(a) In light of previously approved applications, is a clinical investigation (either conducted by the applicant or available from some other source, including the published literature) necessary to support approval of the application or supplement?

YES / > / NO / /

If "no," state the basis for your conclusion that a clinical trial is not necessary for approval AND GO DIRECTLY TO SIGNATURE BLOCK ON Page 9:

(b) Did the applicant submit a list of published studies relevant to the safety and effectiveness of this drug product and a statement that the publicly available data would not independently support approval of the application?

YES / / NO / \times /

(1) If the answer to 2(b) is "yes," do you personally know of any reason to disagree with the applicant's conclusion? If not applicable, answer NO.

YES	1.	,	NO	1	XI
163	′—	—′	140	′-	<u>~</u> /

If yes, explain:

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	(2) If the answer to 2(b) is "no," are you aware	e of
	published studies not conducted or sponsored b	y the
	applicant or other publicly available data tha	t could
-	independently demonstrate the safety and effect	tiveness
•	of this drug product?	•
	YES // N	io / <u>×</u> /
**	If yes, explain:	
~		
((c) If the answers to (b) (1) and (b) (2) were both	
	identify the clinical investigations submitted application that are essential to the approval	
	Investigation #1, Study # 98- + OCR-00-	7
•	Investigation #2, Study # 98 - TOCR - 00	7B
	•	
	Investigation #3, Study # 97-TOCR - 00	12
	addition to being essential, investigations must be	
	support exclusivity. The agency interprets "new c	
	estigation" to mean an investigation that 1) has no	
	ied on by the agency to demonstrate the effectiven	
	viously approved drug for any indication and 2) do	
	licate the results of another investigation that working the agency to demonstrate the effectiveness of	
	viously approved drug product, i.e., does not rede	
	ething the agency considers to have been demonstra	
	eady approved application.	ced in an
	——————————————————————————————————————	·
(a)	For each investigation identified as "essential"	to the
	approval," has the investigation been relied on l	
. · · · · · · ·	agency to demonstrate the effectiveness of a pre-	_
	approved drug product? (If the investigation was	s relied
	on only to support the safety of a previously app	proved
	drug, answer "no.")	
		<u> </u>
	Investigation #1 YES // NO /	<u>^</u> /
•	Investigation #1 YES // NO /_ Investigation #2 YES // NO /_	_

Investigation #3, Study # 97-TOCR-002

4. To be eligible for exclusivity, a new investigation that is essential to approval must also have been conducted or sponsored by the applicant. An investigation was "conducted or sponsored by" the applicant if, before or during the conduct of the investigation, 1) the applicant was the sponsor of the IND named in the form FDA 1571 filed with the Agency, or 2) the applicant (or its predecessor in interest) provided substantial support for the study. Ordinarily, substantial support will mean providing 50 percent or more of the cost of the study.

APPEARS THIS WAY

question 3(c): if the	n identified in response to investigation was carried out
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	applicant identified on the FDA
1571 as the sponsor?	
Investigation #1 !	kan tanan di kacamatan di kacama Kanamatan di kacamatan di kacama
IND #	NO // Explain:
_	kan sa marangan sa kanangan sa marangan sa marangan sa marangan sa marangan sa marangan sa marangan sa marang L at an
 -	
Investigation #2	!
	2 / / Francis
IND) // Explain:
	• • •
Investigation #3	!
TND.	
,	-
	n not carried out under an IND o
	nt was not identified as the
- 5	icant certify that it or the or in interest provided
applicant's predecesse substantial support for	, –
substancial support it	or the study:
Investigation #1	1
	<u> </u>
YES // Explain	! NO // Explain
	!
	<u> </u>
	!
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	!
Turn whime him him 19	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Investigation #2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
VEC / / Evolain	! NO // Explain
TEO // EVATATII	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

	-	there other reasons to believe that the applicant should not be credited with having "conducted or sponsored" the study? (Purchased studies may not be used as the basis for exclusivity. However, if all rights to the drug are purchased (not just studies on the drug), the applicant may be considered to have sponsored or conducted the studies sponsored or conducted by its predecessor in interest.)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		YES // NO / <u>×</u> /
	. I	yes, explain:
	÷	
:		
• .	_	12/22/00
_	e:_	of Preparer Date
Sign	ature	of Office of Division Director Date

Notwithstanding an answer of "yes" to (a) or (b), are

Archival NDA HFD-

HFD- /RPM HFD-093/Mary Ann Holovac HFD-104/PEDS/T.Crescen-i

Form OGD-011347
Revised 8/7/95; edited 8/8/95; revised 8/25/98, edited 3/6/00

APPEARS THIS WAY ON ORIGINAL

DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION FOR TOLTERODINE Release Capsules NDA # 21-226

Pursuant to section 306(k)(1) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, the applicant certifies that, the applicant did not and will not use in any capacity the services of any person listed pursuant to section 306(e) as debarred under subsections 306(a) or (b) of the Act in connection with this application.

al I PH

Ed L. Patt
Associate Director
Global Regulatory Affairs, CMC

01/04/2000

Date

APPEARS THIS WAY ON ORIGINAL



7000 Portage Road Kalemazoo, Mi 49001-0199 Telephone: (616) 833-4000

April 26, 2000

Division of Reproductive Health and Urologic Drug Products, HFD-580 Center for Drug Evaluation and Research Document Control Room 17B-20 Food and Drug Administration 5600 Fishers Lane Rockville, MD 20857

RE: NDA 21-228

Tolterodine release capsules

Amendment #3

Dear Sir/Madam:

It has come to our attention (through a telephone contact from Lana Pauls at FDA) that FDA form 3454 was provided in the Financial Disclosure (Item 19) section of the above NDA in error. Two investigators did in fact disclose a financial interest and a FDA form 3455 was also completed and included in the NDA. Pharmacia & Upjohn is therefore requesting that the FDA form 3454 (found in Volume 1.1, page 10) be withdrawn.

If you should have any questions regarding this information, please contact Gregory G. Shawaryn at (616) 833-8239. Please address correspondence to Unit 0635-298-113.

Sincerely,

PHARMACIA & UPJOHN COMPANY

Gregory G. Shawaryn Regulatory Manager U.S. Regulatory Affairs

GGS:mlw

cc Lana Pauls HFD-580

5246		Federal Register/Vol. 63. No. 21/A	Ionday, February 2,	1998/Rules and Regulations	<u> </u>
,	DEPARTI	MENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN Public Health Service Food and Drug Administration	SERVICES	Form Approved: OMB No. XXXX-XXX Expiration Date: xx/xx/xxxx	α
		TCATION: FINANCIAL INTERI		Re: Tolterodine Tablets/Capsules	
suppo certifi	rt of this ap	Il covered clinical studies (or specification, I certify to one of the state ade in compliance with 21 CFR part des the spouse and each dependent of	c clinical studies list ments below as appr 54 and that for the p	opriate. I understand that this urposes of this statement, a clinicator as defined in 21 CFR 54.2(d).	
	•	<u></u>		·	1
The state of the s	with the to this of the to disc significant further to the total to the total	sponsor of the submitted studies, I on the listed clinical investigators (enterform) whereby the value of compensudy as defined in 21 CFR 54.2(a). Hose to the sponsor whether the investigator with the clarify that no listed investigator within 21 CFR 54.2(f).	names of clinical investig sation to the investig I also certify that eac stigator had a propri I in 21 CFR 54.2(b) of	restigators below or attach list of regator could be affected by the outcome listed clinical investigator requietary interest in this product or a did not disclose any such interests.	names come ired
***************************************	. 2	See Attached List	·		
active and	Clinical	See Attached List	-		
	Clinical Investigators				
) on the second	uI			·	
- AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	applic invests any fit the invest of the of other (3) As the applic (attack)	applicant who is submitting a study ant, I certify that based on informating ators, the listed clinical investigated nancial arrangement with the sponsory estigator for conducting the study of R 54.2(a)); had no proprietary interest covered study (as defined in 21 CFR 54.2(for some covered study) as defined in 21 CFR 54.2(for some covered study) and its of names) or from the sponsory so. The reason why this information	on obtained from the ors (attach list of namer of a covered study ould be affected by the string this product or R 54.2(b)); and was reful.	e sponsor or from participating climes to this form) did not participate whereby the value of compensation the outcome of the study (as define significant equity interest in the spot the recipient of significant payed by a firm or party other than the in from the listed clinical investigated under 54.4 and it was not pos	nical e in on to ed in ponsor ments
·			Title		
	Name Gunnar Ca	ssers tedt		R&D Finance	
ſ	Firm/Organ Pharmacia				
.	Signature	a opjoint	Date /	15/99	
[<u>'~~</u>		1 64		
. pe	cisting data soun urden estimate o HHS Reports	urden for this collection of information is estimated text, pathering and maintaining the data needed, and or any other aspect of this collection of information, is Clearance Officer	completing reviewing the colli- scluding suggestions for reduce An age	ection of information. Send comments regarding ting this burden to: ncy may not conduct or sponsor and a pers	son is
H 2	lumphrey Buil 00 Independer			uired to respond to, a collection of informatic is displays a currently valid OMB control n	
V	ashington, D		RN this application to this	s address	

72178

Federal Register/Vol. 63. No. 251/Thursday, December 31, 1998/Rules and Regulations

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Public Health Service Food and Drug Administration

Form Approved: OMB No. XXXX-XXXX Expiration Date: xx/xx/xxxx

CERTIFICATION: FINANCIAL INTERESTS AND

Re: Tolterodine Tablets/Capsules

ARRANGEMENTS OF CLINICAL INVESTIGATORS

The following information concerning Dr. Simon Hill & Dr. Robert Freeman, who participated as a Name of clinical investigator

clinical investigator in the submitted study Tolterodine Tablets/Capsules

accordance with 21 CFR part 54. The named individual has participated in financial arrangements or holds

financial interests that are required to be disclosed as follows:

Please mark the applicable checkbox

any financial arrangement entered into between the sponsor of the covered study and the clinical investigator involved in the conduct of the covered study, whereby the value of the compensation to the clinical investigator for conducting the study could be influenced by the outcome of the study.

any significant payments of other sorts made on or after February 2, 1999 from the sponsor of the covered study such as a grant to fund ongoing research, compensation in the form of equipment, retainer for ongoing consultation, or honoraria;

see attached Data Integrity Assurance Factors

any proprietary interest in the product tested in the covered study held by the clinical investigator;

any significant equity interest as defined in 21 CFR 54.2(b) held by the clinical investigator in the sponsor of the covered study.

Details of the individual's disclosable financial arrangements and interests are attached, along with a description of steps taken to minimize the potential bias of clinical study results by any of the disclosed arrangements or interests

Name Gunnar Casserstedt		Title Vice President,	R&D Finance
Firm/Organization Pharmacia & Upjohn	· yani - i		
Signature	-A	Date 12/1	5/99
	- Y	<i>i</i>	

red to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB coursel number. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 4 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to: .

Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration 5600 Fishers Lane, Room 14C-03 Rockville, MD 20857

← Please DO NOT RETURN this application to this address

THIS SECTION WAS DETERMINED NOT TO BE RELEASABLE

2 Pages

Data Integrity Assurance Factors for Investigators Disclosing Financial Interest

Protocol 98-TOCR-007 was a double-blind (double-dummy technique), randomized, placebo-controlled, multi-center and multi-national study enrolling 1529 patients (507 on Tolterodine Release, 514 on Tolterodine Immediate Release and 508 on placebo) from 167 centers in 14 countries.

Controls in place to ensure data integrity

- All study centers were monitored regularly and Source Data Verification was done and documented according to GCP.
- The statistical analysis did not show any country effects.
- All study personnel were blind to treatment throughout the study.

Dr. Simon Hill, MD

- Dr. Hill enrolled 7 patients in the study.
- Monitoring visits were done approximately every 4 weeks. SDV was done to some extent at each visit.
- The site had an average number of audits.
- There was no audit done at this center.

Dr. Robert Freeman, MD

- Dr. Freeman enrolled 17 patients in the study.
- Monitoring visits were approximately done every 4 weeks. SDV was done at some extent at each visit.
- The site had an average number of audits.
- Audit was done at this center.

THIS SECTION WAS DETERMINED NOT TO BE RELEASABLE

52 pages

DUPLICATE



7000 Portage Road Kalamazoo, MI 49001-0199 Telephone: (616) 833-4000

December 15, 2000

Division of Reproductive Health and Urologic Drug Products, HFD-580 Center for Drug Evaluation and Research Document Control Room 17B-20 Food and Drug Administration 5600 Fishers Lane Rockville, MD 20857

UZI-0004

RE: NDA 21-228

Tolterodine extended release capsules

Amendment # 14

Dear Sir/Madam:

Reference is made to the chemistry reviewer's requests that you relayed to Pharmacia & Upjohn in the telephone contact of December 12,2000.

Pharmacia & Upjohn commits to having complete NDC numbers in the how supplied section of the package insert.

Pharmacia & Upjohn commits to having complete lot and expiration date information on all primary and secondary product packaging.

Non-insert labeling using the along with non-insert labeling using the LA suffix was submitted in Amendment 12. Please . as we have been informed by the Division that this suffix will not be approved.

If you should have any questions regarding this information, please contact Gregory G. Shawaryn at (616) 833-8239. Please address correspondence to Unit 0635-298-113.

Sincerely,

PHARMACIA & UPJOHN COMPANY

Gregory G. Shawaryn Regulatory Manager Regulatory Affairs

GGS:SEH

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

APPLICATION TO MARKET A NEW DRUG, BIOLOGIC, OR AN ANTIBIOTIC DRUG FOR HUMAN USE

(Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations, 314 & 601)

Form Approved: OMB No. 0910-0338 Expiration Date: April 30, 2000 See OMB Statement on page 2.

FOR FDA USE ONLY

APPLICATION NUMBER 21-228

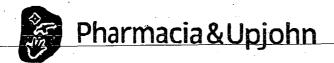
APPLICANT INFORMATION	
NAME OF APPLICANT.	DATE OF SUBMISSION
Pharmacia & Upjohn Company	December 15, 2000
TELEPHONE NO. (Include Area Code)	FACSIMILE (FAX) Number (Include Area Code)
(616) 833-6579	(616) 833-8237
APPLICANT ADDRESS (Number, Street, City, State, Country, ZIP Code or Mail Code, and U.S. License number if previously issued):	AUTHORIZED U.S. AGENT NAME & ADDRESS (Number, Street, City, State, ZIP Code, telephone & FAX number) IF APPLICABLE
7000 Portage Road	
Kalamazoo, Michigan 49001	
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	
NEW DRUG OR ANTIBIOTIC APPLICATION NUMBER, OR BIOLOGICS LICENSE APPLICA	ATION NUMBER (If previously issued)
ESTABLISHED NAME (e.g., Proper name, USP/USAN name) USAN:	PROPRIETARY NAME (trade name) IF ANY
Tolterodine Release Capsules	To Be Determined
CHEMICAL/BIOCHEMICAL/BLOOD PRODUCT NAME (If any) (R)-N,N-Diisopropyl-3-(methylpheynl)-3-phenyl propanamine L-hydrogen tartrate	2-hydroxy-5- CODE NAME (If any)
DOSAGE FORM: STRENGTHS:	ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION:
Capsules 2mg and 4mg	Oral
(PROPOSED) INDICATION(S) FOR USE: Indicated for the treatment of	
APPLICATION INFORMATION	
APPLICATION TYPE	
	☐ ABBREVIATED APPLICATION (ANDA, AADA, 21 CFR 314.94)
☐ BIOLOGICS LICENSE APPLICATION (21 CFR part 60	11)
IF AN NDA, IDENTIFY THE APPROPRIATE TYPE SO5-(b) (1)	□ 505 (b) (2) □ 507
IF AN ANDA, OR AADA, IDENTIFY THE REFERENCE LISTED DRUG PRODUC Name of Drug Holder of Ar	T THAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE SUBMISSION
TYPE OF SUBMISSION (check one) ORIGINAL APPLICATION AMENDMENT TO A	A PENDING APPLICATION
☐ PRESUBMISSION ☐ ANNUAL REPORT ☐ ESTABLISHMENT DESCRIPT	ION SUPPLEMENT SUPPLEMENT
☐ EFFICACY SUPPLEMENT ☐ LABELING SUPPLEMENT ☐ CHEMISTRY MANU	JFACTURING AND CONTROLS SUPPLEMENT
REASON FOR SUBMISSION	
Response to FDA Request	
PROPOSED MARKETING STATUS (check one)	RODUCT (Rx) OVER THE COUNTER PRODUCT (OTC)
NUMBER OF VOLUMES SUBMITTED THIS APPLICATION	IS 🖾 PAPER 🔲 PAPER AND ELECTRONIC 🔲 ELECTRONIC
ESTABLISHMENT INFORMATION	·
Provide locations of all manufacturing, packaging and control sites for drug substa Include name, address, contact, telepone number, registration number (CFN), DM dosage form, Stability testing) conducted at the site. Please indicate whether the	F number, and manufacturing steps and/or type of testing (e.g. Final
	pjohn Caribe Inc.
Bjorkborn Industrial Area 7171 Portage Road Road #2 KM 60	· ·
S-691 85 KARLSKOGA Sweden Kalamazoo, MI 49001 USA Barceloneta, P. Cross References (list related License Applications, INDs, NDAs, PR	ento Rico 00617
cross Hererences (list related License Applications, INDS, NDAS, Procurrent application)	nas, stu(k)s, ides, dmrs, and dmrs referenced in the
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

PHARMACIA & UPJOHN, INC. FACSIMILE

7000 Portage Road Kalamazoo, MI 49001 Facsimile #: 616-833-8237

TO: Evelyn Far	ina s			DATE:	December	13, 2000
FACSIMILE # 30	01-827-4267			-		
SUBJECT:	NDA -21-228	1	•	· _ ·		
FROM: PHONE:	Gregory Shawaryn 616-833-8239				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·
TOTAL PAGES	IN THIS TRANSMISSION	(Includes this sheet): 1	<u> </u>		•	
Message: Dear Evelyn.						
contact of Dec	nade to the chemistry reviember 12,2000. Upjohn commits to havin		<u> </u>			
	Jpjohn commits to havin	7			_	_
was submitted	eling using the in Amendment 12. We for the status of the review	ully intend				nce a clearer
Please give me	e a call at 616-329-8239 i	if you have any question	ns or concerns.			•
Sincerely, Gregory Shaw	ey Shavay					

`onfidentiality Note: The documents accompanying this telecopy transmission contain information belonging to narmacia & Upjohn, Inc., which is intended only for the use of the addressee. If you are not the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that any disclosure, copying, distribution or the taking of any action in reliance on the contents of this telecopied information is strictly prohibited. If you have received this telecopy in error, please immediately notify us by telephone to arrange for the return of the original documents to us. Thank you.



7000 Portage Road Kalamazoo, MI 49001-0199 Telephone: (* 8) 833-4000

December 13, 2000

Division of Reproductive Health and Urologic Drug Products, HFD-580 Center for Drug Evaluation and Research
Document Control Room 17B-20
Food and Drug Administration
5600 Fishers Lane
Rockville, MD 20857

RE: NDA 21-228

Tolterodine extended release capsules

Amendment #13

Dear Sir/Madam:

It has come to our attention that the exclusivity request was inadvertently omitted from the original submission of the above NDA. Enclosed please find Pharmacia and Upjohn's request for exclusivity for the above product.

If you should have any questions regarding this information, please contact Gregory G. Shawaryn at (616) 833-8239. Please address correspondence to Unit 0635-298-113.

Sincerely,

PHARMACIA & UPJOHN COMPANY

Gregory G. Shawaryn Regulatory Manager

U.S. Regulatory Affairs

GGS/crdt

Enclosures

REQUEST FOR EXCLUSIVITY

Pharmacia & Upjohn Company requests three (3) years of exclusivity for tolterodine extended release capsules pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 355 (c)(D)(iii). The following is provided to assist FDA in the eligibility determination. This summary information follows the basic format contained in the letter of April 28, 1998 from Dr. Carl Peck to all NDA or ANDA Holders and Applicants.

- 1. This application contains reports of clinical investigations.
- 2. The clinical investigations included in this application were conducted specifically to document the safety and efficacy of tolterodine extended release capsules.

Specific Protocols conducted to support this application:

97-TOCR-001

97-TOCR-002

97-TOCR-003

98-TOCR-005--

98-TOCR-006

98-TOCR-007

98-TOCR-007B

98-TOCR-0010

- 3. Without the above studies safety and efficacy of this product could not be supported.
- 4. Pharmacia and Upjohn was the sponsor of these studies and of the IND supporting this NDA.

Exclusivity requested is for three years after the date of NDA approval, or December 18, 2017 or date of any patent extension—whichever occurs last.

Mark Mannebach

Associate Director

Regulatory Affairs

12/13/00

Date

PHARMACIA & UPJOHN, INC. FACSIMILE

7000 Portage Road Kalamazoo, MI 49001 Facsimile #: 616-833-8237

Evelvn	

DATE:

December 13, 2000

FACSIMILE # 301-827-4267

SUBJECT:

NDA -21-228

FROM:

Gregory Shawaryn

PHONE:

616-833-8239

TOTAL PAGES IN THIS TRANSMISSION (Includes this sheet): 3

Message:

Dear Evelyn,

Attached please find our exclusivity request for the above mentioned product/NDA. It is being sent hardcopy today as well.

Please give me a call at 616-329-8239 if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely.

Greg Shavayn
Gregory Shawaryn

Confidentiality Nate: The documents accompanying this telecopy transmission contain information belonging to Pharmacia & Uplohn, Inc., which is intended only for the use of the addressee. If you are not the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that any disclosure, copying, distribution or the taking of any action in reliance on the contents of this telecopied information is strictly prohibited. If you have received this telecopy in error, please immediately notify us by telephone to arrange for the return of the original documents to us. Thank you.



7000 Portage Road Kalamazoo, MI 49001-0199 Telephone: (616) 833-4000

December 7, 2000

ORIGINAL

Division of Reproductive Health and Urologic Drug Products, HFD-580
Center for Drug Evaluation and Research
Document Control Room 17B-20
Food and Drug Administration
5600 Fishers Lane
Rockville, MD 20857

ORIG AMENDMENT

BC

RE:

NDA 21-228

Tolterodine extended release cancules

Amendment # 12

121

Dear Sir/Madam:

Reference is made to the Division's 11/22/00 request for information relative to the chemistry review of the above application.

Requests/Comments 1 through 4 are addressed in Attachment 1. The updated Methods Validation Package is included in triplicate in 3 separate volumes.

With regard to Point 5 (a-d): Requests/Comments are addressed in Attachment 2. This package insert also contains Pharmacia & Upjohn (P&U) comments addressing the proposed package insert faxed by the Division to P&U on 11/27/00. An electronic version is also being submitted today via secure e-mail to farinase@cder.fda.gov.

With regard to Point 5e: Mock-up labeling for the following is included in Attachment 3 (labels using the suffix LA and

Unit Dose Blister Card 4 mg (card of 10 capsules)

NDC 0009-5191-04--Copy Code 818 233 000

Carton for Unit Dose Cards 4mg (100 capsules)

NDC 0009-5191-04--Copy Code 818 234 000

Unit Dose Blister Card 2 mg (card of 10 capsules)

NDC 0009-5190-04--Copy Code 818 230 000

Carton for Unit Dose Cards 2mg (100 capsules)

NDC 0009-5190-04--Copy Code 818 231 000

REVIEWS COMPLETE	D
CSO ACTION:	.і.
CSO INITIALS	DATE

المن

Bottle Label 4mg (500 count bottle)

NDC 0009-5191-03--Copy Code 818 272 000

Bottle Label 2mg (500 count bottle) NDC 0009-5190-03--Copy Code 818 270 000

Bottle Label 4mg (90 count bottle)

NDC 0009-5191-02--Copy Code 818 267 000

Carton Label 4mg (90 count bottle)

NDC 0009-5191-02--Copy Code 818 268 000

Bottle Label 2mg (90 count bottle) NDC 0009-5190-02--Copy Code 818 261 000 Carton Label 2mg (90 count bottle) NDC 0009-5190-02--Copy Code 818 262 000

Bottle Label 4mg (30 count bottle) NDC 0009-5191-01--Copy Code 818 264 000 Carton Label 4mg (30 count bottle) NDC 0009-5191-01--Copy Code 818 265 000

Bottle Label 2mg (30 count bottle)

NDC 0009-5190-01--Copy Code 818 257 000
Carton Label 2mg (30 count bottle)

NDC 0009-5190-01--Copy Code 818 258 000

Sample Foil Label 4mg (7 count blister card)
NDC 0009-5191-99--Copy Code 818 463 001

If you'should have any questions regarding this information, please contact Gregory G. Shawaryn at (616) 833-8239. Please address correspondence to Unit 0635-298-113.

Sincerely,

PHARMACIA & UPJOHN COMPANY

Gregory 6. Shawaryn Regulatory Manager U.S. Regulatory Affairs

GGS/crdt

Attachments

PHARMACIA & UPJOHN, INC. FACSIMILE

7000 Portage Road Kalamazoo, MI 49001 Facsimile #: 616-833-8237

TO: Biopharm reviewer NDA 21-228 C/O Evelyn Farings

DATE-

November 13, 2000

FACSIMILE # 301-827-4267

SUBJECT:

NDA -21-228

FROM:

Gregory Shawaryn

PHONE:

616-833-8239

TOTAL PAGES IN THIS TRANSMISSION (Includes this sheet): 3

Message:

Attached is the information requested by the biopharm reviewer regarding PK calculations included in the proposed PI. Hardcopy is also being sent today.

Please give me a call at 616-329-8239 if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Gregory/Shawaryn

APPEARS THIS WAY
ON ORIGINAL